THE [NUMB. 887.]

South-Carolina Gazette.

From MONDAY *May* 6th, to MONDAY *May* 13th, 1751.

A celebrated Piece has been lately published, entitled, the ŒCONOMY *of* HUMAN LIFE; *said to be Tranſlated from an* Indian *Manuſcript, written by an antient* Bramin. *To which is prefixed, an Account of the Manner in which the ſaid Manuſcript was diſcovered. In a Letter from an* Engliſh *Gentleman, now reſiding in* China, *to the Earl of* ———. — *Fame, which does not always ſpeak Truth, has aſcribed this Tract to the* E—— *of* Ch——d; *but however that be, it is written very much in the ſublime Eaſtern Strain of the Book of* Job, *the Pſalms, the Prophets, and the Works of* Solomon; *tho' nothing can be ſuppoſed to come up to thoſe divine Originals. We ſhall ſelect a few Articles, by which our Readers may judge of the reſt; but cannot omit the Introduction, which is a grand and ſolemn Addreſs to the Human Race in general, as follows.*

BOW down your heads unto the duſt, O ye inhabitants of earth! be ſilent, and receive, with reverence, inſtruction from on high.

Whereſoever the ſun doth ſhine, whereſoever the wind doth blow, whereſoever there is an ear to hear, and a mind to conceive; there let the precepts of life be made known, let the maxims of truth be honoured and obeyed.

All things proceed from God; his power is unbounded, his wiſdom is from eternity, and his goodneſs endureth for ever.

He ſitteth on his throne in the center, and the breath of his mouth giveth life to the world.

He toucheth the ſtars with his finger, and they run their courſe rejoicing.

On the wings of the wind he walketh abroad, and performeth his will thro' all the regions of unlimited ſpace.

Order, and grace, and beauty, ſpring from his hand.

The voice of wiſdom ſpeaketh in all his works, but the human underſtanding comprehendeth it not.

The ſhadow of knowledge paſſeth over the mind of man as a dream; he ſeeth as in the dark; he reaſoneth, and is deceived.

But the wiſdom of God is as the light of heaven; he reaſoneth not; his mind is the fountain of truth.

Juſtice and mercy wait before his throne; benevolence and love enlighten his countenance for ever.

Who is like unto the lord in glory? Who in power ſhall contend with the Almighty? Hath he any equal in wiſdom? Can any in goodneſs be compared unto him?

He it is, O man, who hath created thee; thy ſtation on earth is fixed by his appointment; the powers of thy mind are the gifts of his goodneſs, the wonders of thy frame are the work of his hand.

Hear then his voice, for it is gracious; and he that obeyeth ſhall eſtabliſh his ſoul in peace.

Conſideration.] Commune with thyſelf, O man, and conſider wherefore thou wert made.

Contemplate thy powers, contemplate thy wants and thy connections; ſo ſhalt thou diſcover the duties of life, and be directed in all thy ways.

Proceed not to ſpeak or to act, before thou haſt weighed thy words, and examined the tendency of every ſtep thou ſhalt take; ſo ſhall diſgrace fly far from thee, and in thy houſe ſhall ſhame be a ſtranger; repentance ſhall not viſit thee, nor ſorrow dwell upon thy cheek.

The thoughtleſs man bridleth not his tongue; he ſpeaketh at random, and is entangled in the fooliſhneſs of his own words.

As one that runneth in haſte, and leapeth over a fence, may fall into a pit on the other ſide, which he doth not ſee; ſo is the man that plungeth ſuddenly into any action, before he hath conſidered the conſequences thereof.

Hearken therefore unto the voice of conſideration; her words are the words of wiſdom, and her paths ſhall lead thee to ſafety and truth.

Application.] Since the days that are paſt are gone for ever, and thoſe that are to come, may not come to thee; it behoveth thee, O man, to employ the preſent time, without regreting the loſs of that which is paſt, or too much depending on that which is to come.

This inſtant is thine, the next is in the womb of futurity, and thou knoweſt not what it may bring forth.

Whatſoever thou reſolveſt to do, do it quickly; defer not till the evening what the morning may accompliſh.

Idleneſs is the parent of want and of pain; but the labour of virtue bringeth forth pleaſure.

The hand of diligence defeateth want; proſperity and ſucceſs are the induſtrious man's attendants.

Who is he that hath acquired wealth, that hath riſen to power, that hath cloathed himſelf with honour, that is ſpoken of in the city with praiſe, and that ſtandeth before the king in counſel? Even he that hath ſhut out idleneſs from his houſe; and hath ſaid, Sloth, thou art mine enemy.

He riſes up early, and lieth down late; he exerciſeth his mind with contemplation, and his body with action, and preſerveth the health of both.

The ſlothful man is a burthen to himſelf, his hours hang heavy on his head; he loitereth about, and knoweth not what he would do.

His days paſs away like the ſhadow of a cloud, and he leaveth behind him no mark for remembrance.

His body is diſeaſed for want of exerciſe; he wiſheth for action, but hath not power to move; his mind is in darkneſs, his thoughts are confuſed; he longeth for knowledge, but hath no application. He would eat of the almond, but hateth the trouble of breaking its ſhell.

His houſe is in diſorder, his ſervants are waſteful and riotous, and he runneth on towards ruin; he ſeeth it with his eyes, he heareth it with his ears, he ſhaketh his head, and wiſheth, but hath no reſolution; till ruin cometh upon him like a whirlwind, and ſhame and repentance deſcend with him to the grave.

Contentment.] Forget not, O man, that thy ſtation on earth is appointed by the wiſdom of the Eternal; who knoweth thy heart, who ſeeth the vanity of all thy wiſhes, and who often in mercy denieth thy requeſts.

Yet for all reaſonable deſires, for all honeſt endeavours, his benevolence hath eſtabliſhed in the nature of things, a probability of ſucceſs.

The uneaſineſs thou feeleſt, the misfortunes thou bewaileſt, behold the root from whence they ſpring, even thine own folly, thine own pride, thine own diſtempered fancy.

Murmur not therefore at the diſpenſation of God, but correct thine own heart: neither ſay within thyſelf, if I had wealth, or power, or leiſure, I ſhould be happy; for know, they all of them bring to their ſeveral poſſeſſors, their peculiar inconveniencies.

The poor man ſeeth not the vexations and anxieties of the rich, he feeleth not the difficulties and perplexities of power, neither knoweth he the wearineſs of leiſure; and therefore it is that he repineth at his own lot.

But envy not the appearance of happineſs in any man, for thou knoweſt not his ſecret griefs.

To be ſatisfied with a little is the greateſt wiſdom; and he that encreaſeth his riches encreaſeth his cares: But a contented mind is a hidden treaſure, and trouble findeth it not.

Yet, if thou ſuffereſt not the allurements of fortune to rob thee

of

of juſtice, or temperance, or charity, or modeſty, even riches themſelves ſhall not make thee unhappy.

But hence ſhalt thou learn, that the cup of felicity, pure and unmixed, is by no means a draught for mortal man.

Virtue is the race which God hath ſet him to run, and happineſs the goal, which none can arrive at 'till he hath finiſhed his courſe, and received his crown in the manſions of eternity.

Temperance.] The neareſt approach thou canſt make to happineſs on this ſide the grave, is to enjoy from heaven, underſtanding and health.

Theſe bleſſings if thou poſſeſſeſt, and wouldſt preſerve to old age; avoid the allurements of voluptuouſneſs, and fly from her temptations.

When ſhe ſpreadeth her delicacies on the board, when her wine ſparkleth in the cup, when ſhe ſmileth upon thee, and perſuadeth thee to be joyful and happy; then is the hour of danger, and let reaſon ſtand firmly on her guard.

For if thou hearkeneſt unto the words of her adverſary, thou art deceived and betrayed.

The joy which ſhe promiſeth changeth to madneſs, and her enjoyments lead on to diſeaſes and death.

Look round her board, caſt thine eyes upon her gueſts; and obſerve thoſe who have been allured by her ſmiles, who have liſtened to her temptations.

Are they not meager? Are they not ſickly? Are they not ſpiritleſs?

Their ſhort hours of jollity and riot are followed by tedious days of pain and dejection; ſhe hath debauched and palled their appetites, that they have now no reliſh for her niceſt dainties: Her votaries are become her victims; the juſt and natural conſequence which God hath ordained in the conſtitution of things, for the puniſhment of thoſe who abuſe his gifts.

But who is ſhe that with graceful ſteps, and with a lively air, trips over yonder plain?

The roſe bluſheth on her cheeks, the ſweetneſs of the morning breatheth from her lips; joy, tempered with innocence and modeſty, ſparkleth in her eyes, and from the chearfulneſs of her heart ſhe ſingeth as ſhe walks.

Her name is health; ſhe is the daughter of exerciſe, who begot her on temperance; their ſons inhabit the mountains that ſtretch over the northern regions of San Ton Hoe.

They are brave, active, and lively; and partake of all the beauties, and virtues of their ſiſter.

Vigour ſtringeth their nerves, ſtrength dwelleth in their bones, and labour is their delight all the day long.

The employments of their father excite their appetites, and the repaſts of their mother refreſh them.

To combat the paſſions is their delight, to conquer evil habits their glory.

Their pleaſures are moderate, and therefore they endure; their repoſe is ſhort, but ſound and undiſturbed.

Their blood is pure, their minds ſerene, and the phyſician findeth not the way to their habitations.

But ſafety dwelleth not with the ſons of men; neither is ſecurity found within their gates.

Behold them expoſed to new dangers from without, while a traytor within lurketh to betray them.

Their health, their ſtrength, their beauty and activity have raiſed deſire in the boſom of laſcivious love

She ſtandeth in her bower, ſhe courteth their regard, ſhe ſpreadeth her temptations

Her limbs are ſoft and delicate, her attire is looſe and inviting; wantonneſs ſpeaketh in her eyes, and on her boſom ſits temptation: She beckoneth them with her finger, ſhe wooeth them with her looks, and by the ſmoothneſs of her tongue ſhe endeavoureth to deceive.

Ah! fly from her allurements, ſtop thy ears to her enchanting words: If thou meeteſt the languiſhing of her eyes, if thou heareſt the ſoftneſs of her voice, if ſhe calleth her arms about thee, ſhe bindeth thee in chains for ever.

Shame followeth, and diſeaſe, and want, and care, and repentance.

Enfeebled by dalliance, with luxury pampered, and ſoftened by ſloth, ſtrength ſhall forſake thy limbs, and health thy conſtitution: Thy days ſhall be few, and thoſe inglorious; thy griefs ſhall be many, yet meet with no compaſſion.

Hope and Fear.] The promiſes of hope are ſweeter than roſes in the bud, and far more flattering to expectation: But the threatnings of fear are a terror to the heart.

Nevertheleſs, let not hope allure, nor fear deter thee from doing that which is right; ſo ſhalt thou be prepared to meet all events with an equal mind.

The terrors even of death are no terrors to the good: He that committeth no evil hath nothing to fear.

In all thy undertakings let a reaſonable aſſurance animate thy endeavours; if thou deſpaireſt of ſucceſs, thou ſhalt not ſucceed.

Terrify not thy ſoul with vain fears, neither let thy heart ſink within thee from the phantoms of imagination.

From fear proceedeth misfortune; but he that hopeth helpeth himſelf.

As the oſtrich when purſued hideth his head, but forgetteth his body; ſo the fears of a coward expoſe him to danger.

If thou believeſt a thing impoſſible, thy deſpondency ſhall make it ſo; but he that perſevereth ſhall overcome all difficulties.

A vain hope flattereth the heart of a fool; but he that is wiſe purſueth it not.

In all thy deſires let reaſon go along with thee, and fix not thy hopes beyond the bounds of probability: So ſhall ſucceſs attend thy undertakings, thy heart ſhall not be vexed with diſappointments.

Sincerity.] O thou who art enamoured with the beauties of truth, and haſt fixed thy heart on the ſimplicity of her charms; hold faſt thy fidelity unto her, and forſake her not; the conſtancy of thy virtue ſhall crown thee with honour.

The tongue of the ſincere is rooted in his heart; hypocriſy and deceit have no place in his words.

He bluſheth at falſhood, and is confounded; but in ſpeaking the truth he hath a ſteady eye.

He ſupporteth as a man the dignity of his character; to the arts of hypocriſy he ſcorneth to ſtoop.

He is conſiſtent with himſelf, he is never embarraſſed: He hath courage enough for truth, but to lye he is afraid.

He is far above the meanneſs of diſſimulation; the words of his mouth are the thoughts of his heart:

Yet with prudence and caution he openeth his lips; he ſtudieth what is right, and ſpeaketh with diſcretion.

He adviſeth with friendſhip: he reproveth with freedom; and whatſoever he promiſeth ſhall ſurely be performed.

But the heart of the hypocrite is hid in his breaſt; he maſketh his words in the ſemblance of truth, while the buſineſs of his life is only to deceive.

He laugheth in ſorrow, he weepeth in joy; and the words of his mouth have no interpretation.

He worketh in the dark as a mole, and fancieth he is ſafe; but he blundereth into light, and is betrayed and expoſed with his dirt on his head.

He paſſeth his days in perpetual conſtraint; his tongue and his heart are for ever at variance.

He laboureth for the character of a righteous man; and huggeth himſelf in the thoughts of his cunning.

O fool, fool! the pains which thou takeſt to hide what thou art, are more than would make thee what thou would'ſt ſeem: And the children of wiſdom ſhall mock at thy cunning; when, in the midſt of ſecurity, thy diſguiſe is ſtripped off, and the finger of deriſion ſhall point thee to ſcorn.

From the LONDON MAGAZINE *for* December 1750.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

SINCE our laſt we have had the following advices. From France, that 12 merchant ſhips, under the convoy of two men of war, ſailed laſt month from Breſt and Rochfort, for the coaſt of Guinea, having among other things 250 pieces of cannon, for the French forts on that coaſt; and that at the ſame time there was a ſquadron of men of war, with ſome tranſports, at Breſt, ready to ſail, as was ſuppoſed, for America, which were to carry thither 3 or 4000 volunteers, then arrived there from ſeveral parts of the kingdom. That Monſieur de Puyſieux had lately intimated to the Earl of Albemarle, the Britiſh ambaſſador at the French court, that the proceedings of the ſubjects of Great-Britain againſt the Indians attached to the French in Nova Scotia, were regarded as a breach of the tranquillity ſubſiſting between the two crowns. That in order to propagate a military ſpirit among the people, his moſt chriſtian majeſty has publiſhed an edict, whereby all the general officers who are not of the nobleſſe, and who ſerved in the late war, are ennobled, together with all their legitimate iſſue; and the officers below that rank are to be exempt from ſeveral taxes, in conſideration of their gallant behaviour: And for the ſame purpoſe,

poſe, a ſcheme of the Count d'Argenſon, ſecretary at war, has been approved of, for erecting a military ſchool, in which 500 young gentlemen of the nobleſſe are to be maintained and taught all military exerciſes, and all the knowledge neceſſary for an officer in the army. That the clergy of France ſtill continue obſtinate in refuſing to give an account of their revenues, none but the biſhops of Auxerre and Soiſſons having as yet agreed to comply with the edict for that purpoſe. That they are going to carry into execution a project for making a canal from Durance, by the way of Aix to Marſeilles.

CHARLES-TOWN.

On Saturday the 4th Inſtant his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to give his Aſſent to the following Acts, viz.

An Act to appoint and eſtabliſh new Liſts of Jurymen, to be drawn by Ballot in this Province. And to impower the Courts of Law to draw Jurors in Caſes therein mentioned.

An additional and explanatory ACT to an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, intituled, *An Act for keeping the Streets in* Charles Town *clean, and eſtabliſhing ſuch other Regulations for the Security, Health and Convenience of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Town as are therein mentioned. And for eſtabliſhing a new Market in the ſaid Town.*

An additional Act to the ſeveral Acts of the General Aſſembly now of Force in this Province, which relate to inſolvent Debtors. And for impowering the Chief Juſtice, Public Treaſurer, and Coroner of *Berkley* County, to ſet aſide inſolvent Debtors that may happen to be drawn as Jurors. And for obliging the Plaintiffs to pay the Fees for inſolvent Debtors committed to the Cuſtody of the Provoſt Marſhal.

An Act for ſuppreſſing and preventing of private Lotteries.

An Act to reſtrain and prevent the too frequent Sales of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, by public Auction or Outcry in *Charles-Town*. And for the better Regulation of ſuch Sales.

The Verſes upon Mrs. DALE's *Death, inſerted in our laſt, having been very much varied from the Original, by the Gentleman who delivered the Copy to the Printer, the Lady who wrote them is apprehenſive her Intention and Meaning are perverted; and has therefore deſired they may be printed from a true Copy*, viz.

APOLLO's Sons, whene'er the Wealthy die,
In fawning Verſe chant out their Obſequy;
Praiſe them for Virtues which they ne'er poſſeſs'd,
Tho' greatly wicked, yet pronounce them bleſs'd,
—— Shall I be mute when ſo much Merit calls?
Or when ſo fair, ſo fine a Fabric falls!
Oh no—my Muſe aſſiſt the doleful Tale,
And let thy broken Accents ſigh out—*Dale*:
Ne'er let that worthy Name forgotten be,
That was belov'd by moſt, as well as thee.
Oh Shade forgive me, if I rail at Fate,
That firſt depriv'd us of thy gen'rous Mate,
And then, ſo ſoon, to rob us too of thee.
But oh! Thou wert too good——'twas Heav'n's Decree!
Such innate Charms her upright Soul adorn'd,
All vicious Pomp, and haughty Greatneſs ſcorn'd;
No vile Deceit, nor Coquet Airs e'er us'd,
But honeſt Plainneſs thro' her Life diffus'd.
——Nature indeed, had to her Form been kind,
But her chief Care was to improve the Mind;
Whoſe great Abilities and Charms were ſuch,
We can't enough admire, or praiſe too much:
On Life's ſhort Stage, did act her part ſo well,
There's few could equal, none at all excell.
——In Marriage State, the moſt obliging Wife
Liv'd free from Broils and all domeſtick Strife:
She lov'd her Spouſe, with equal Love he burn'd,
Each ſtrove to pleaſe, and ſore his Death ſhe mourn'd;
Not with indecent Cries, or wild Deſpair,
But with well-grounded Hope her Loſs did bear.
Tho' two ſmall Babes were now her Care alone,
And a poſthumous Infant yet to come,
She Angel like ſupported all her Fears,
And in kind Providence repos'd her Cares;
For well her pious Soul Submiſſion knew,
And chearfully ſhe cry'd——*My Friends*, ADIEU.
But oh! the ſudden Stroke! that ſnatch'd her hence,
Dear harmleſs Babe—'twas none of thine Offence;
Some other fatal Cauſe did intervene,
And haſty Death clapt his dread Shears between,
Cut off the Life, tho' blooming in its Prime;
The Loſs is *Ours*—but all the Gain is *Thine*:
Releas'd at once from all thy mortal Cares,
Maternal Griefs, and widow'd lonely Fears,
Advanc'd to ſcenes of never-ending Bliſs
Where Saints congratulate thy Happineſs.
Then Muſe forbear—no longer ſwell thy Lays
With fruitleſs Mourning on her Loſs of Days;
And while her Soul does take its peaceful Reſt,
Strive thou to meet her Form among the Bleſt.

H—— S——

CUSTOM-HOUSE CHARLES-TOWN, *Entr'd Inwards.*

Sloop Providence, Thomas Calvert, from Virginia.
Snow Prince George, Kenneth Mackenzie, from Cowes.
Schooner Tryal, William Duthy, from Jamaica.

Entered Outwards.

Sloop Providence, Thomas Calvert, for Barbados.
Schooner Tryal, William Duthy, for Jamaica.
Snow Dolphin, Joſeph Henſhaw, for London.
Brigt. Nancy, Thomas Potts, for Boſton.
Ship Charles-Town Galley, Peter Bogg, for *Oporto*.
Snow Eſther, Robert Jones, for *Bay of Honduras*.
Billander Molly, Richard Watts, for Poole.

Clear'd for Departure.

Ship Anne & Elizabeth, Edmond Agars, to London.
Brigt. Lamb, James Kennedy,
Snow Prince of Orange, Conſtantine Hodſon,
Snow Hawk, William Maſon, and
Snow Concord, Joſeph Edmonds, to Cowes.
Brigt. Induſtry, William McCun, to St. Kitts.
Snow Three Brothers, Anthony Athy, to *Liſbon*.
Brigt. William & Jane, Forteſque Vernon, to Antigua.
Snow Fair Suſannah, James Strachan, to *Glaſcow*.
Schooner Charming Sally, Edward Brown, to Providence.

EXPORTED *from the Port of* Charleſtown, *from the 1ſt of* NOV. 1750, *to the 1ſt of* NOV. 1751.

Rice, 48,919 Barrels,	Tar, 2,904 Barrels.
1189 Half ditto,	Turpentine, 620 Barrels.
Bags.	Deer-Skins, 324 Hhds.
Pitch, 6,419 Barrels.	Indico, 23,695 *lb.*

PRICE CURRENT at *Charles-Town*.

Rice, per Cent. 45 *ſ.*	Pork, 11 *l.*
Pitch, 70 *ſ.*	Deer-Skins, *per lb.* 11 to 12 *ſ.* 6
Tar, 55 *ſ.*	Good Indico, 20 *ſ.*
Turpentine, 22 *ſ.* 6*d.* to 25 *ſ.*	Tann'd Leather, 3 *ſ.*
Roſin, 17 *ſ.* 6	Corn, *per* Buſhel, 12 *ſ.* 6
Beef, *per* Barrel, 7 *l.*	Peaſe, 12 *ſ.* 6

Mr. *Timothy*, *Charles-Town, May 1ſt*, 1751.

I HAVE enquired the Price of good merchantable Flour, and find it to be at 5 *l. per Cent.* I am *Yours, &c.*

JOHN DART, Commiſſary-General.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT no Slave belonging to any Perſon living without the Limits of *Charles-Town*, except the Slaves belonging to Orphans, whoſe Parents were Reſidents in *Charles-Town* at the time of their Deceaſe, and even in that Caſe, not above two belonging to any one Eſtate, and thoſe ſuch as have heretofore been employed in Town, ſhall be permitted to work for Hire in Town as *Porters, Labourers, Fiſhermen*, or *otherwiſe*. And that no Inhabitant of *Charles Town* ſhall be permitted to keep more than *two* Male Slaves to work out for Hire, as Porters, Labourers, Fiſhermen, or Handicraftſmen in Town, on Pain of forfeiting *Five Pounds* for every Day ſuch Slave ſhall be kept on Hire. And that no Slave work for Hire as a Porter or Labourer in *Charles-Town*, until the Owner or Perſon having Charge of ſuch Slave, ſhall have obtained a Licence from the Commiſſioners of the Streets for ſo doing: And if any Perſon hire or employ any Negro, not having a Badge or Ticket, he or ſhe ſo offending, forfeits the Sum of TEN SHILLINGS *Proclamation Money* for every Offence.

By Order of the Commiſſioners,

JOHN REMINGTON.

For London, Briſtol, Cowes and Holland, or Hamburgh,

The Snow DOLPHIN,

JOSEPH HENSHAW Maſter:

FOR freight or paſſage agree with ſaid *Henſhaw* at Col. *Othniel Beale's*, or on board ſaid ſnow at Mr. *Motte's* wharff.

N. B. To be ſold by ſaid *Henſhaw*, choice good *New-England* hay, rum, grind-ſtones and bricks.

To be Sold *by* Othniel Beale *for ready Money, or time; part of a lot in* King-ſtreet, *between land of Miſs* Enſter Simmons *and Mr.* Vanall, *(near oppoſite to Mrs.* Baker's *land) containing 50 feet in front and 235 feet in depth.*

N. B. *Good* New-England *axes to be ſold at his ſtore on the bay.*

TO be let, two convenient Brick Tenements, with pav'd cellars, in Broad-ſtreet, *lately own'd by* Marmaduke Aiſh. *Enquire of* Henry Peronneau.

☞ In Purſuance of an ORDER from the *Commons Houſe of Aſſembly,*

THE Public Treaſurer hereby gives Notice, to all Perſons poſſeſſed of the old Paper Bills of Credit, iſſued in the Year 1731, That, unleſs they bring ſuch Bills to his Office to be exchanged before the *Firſt* Day of *June* next, they will for ever looſe the Benefit of having any exchanged after that Day.

To be Sold, on Wedneſday the 29th day of *May*, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the plantation lately belonging to *James Manning* deceas'd, a negro wench, with ſundry things belonging to the ſaid eſtate, for ready money. All perſons that are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, before the day of ſale; and all perſons that have any demands, on the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring in their accompts, properly atteſted to

SARAH MANNING, *Adminiſtratrix.*

TO be ſold, a Tract of Land near a Mile and half from Charles-Town, *containing* 150 *acres. Any perſon that is inclinable to purchaſe, either part or the whole tract, may treat with Mr.* Ralph Izard *near* Dorcheſter.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mary Marion *deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge their reſpective debts, before the 25th of* June *next, to the ſubſcriber: And thoſe who have demands on the ſaid eſtate, to bring in accompts of the ſame duly atteſted to* Benjamin Marion, *Adminiſtrator.*

STOLEN from *Conſelliere's* Creek, in *November* laſt, a *Spaniſh* cedar canow, about 20 feet long and 4 feet wide; very remarkable in her make; had formerly been us'd for a privateer's launch, and had a ſwivel ſtock faſtened in her head when ſtole (but may ſince be taken out) ſome ſheet lead nail'd over ſome rents in her bows or ſtern within, and a large plate of iron faſten'd a-croſs her ſtern. Whoever gives ſuch information of her that ſhe may be had again, ſhall have £. 3 reward; or if any one will diſcover who ſtole her, he ſhall have £. 6 reward from the printer hereof.

ALL Perſons indebted to *Thomas Corbett*, Eſq; late of this province, by bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to pay the ſame to the ſubſcribers, on or before the firſt day of *July* next, when ſuch demands as may remain unpaid will be ſued for without further notice.

Gabriel Manigault.
Childermas Croft.

TO be ſold at public Vendue, on Tueſday the 21ſt of May 1751, *at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, at* Goose-Creek, *all the perſonal eſtate of Mr.* John Parker *deceas'd, conſiſting of* ſixty *choice ſlaves, men, women and children, moſt this country born; a parcel of horſes, mares and colts; a ſmall ſtock of cattle (among which is ſome working oxen) and all the houſhold furniture: The property not to be alter'd till the money is paid. The creditors of the ſaid eſtate are deſired to give in their demands to the ſubſcriber, or to Mr.* Charles Lowndes *in* Charles-Town, *before the day of ſale; and they are alſo deſired to attend the ſale, when diſcount will be allowed by* Jane Grange, *Adminiſtratrix.*

CHOICE large grain Salt, imported in the Ship *Ann, William Bound* Maſter, from the *Iſle of May*. The ſaid ſhip is to be let, for freight, to any port in *England* or *Portugal*: For further particulars enquire of Capt. *Bound* on board the ſaid ſhip, lying at *Elliott's* wharff, or of *Thomas Bonny.*

Run away from the ſubſcriber, about 18 months ago, a negro man named *Cyrus*, and a negro wench named *Betty* with her two children, late belonging to the eſtate of Mrs. *Williamſon* deceas'd, who are well known about *Stono*, and are ſaid to be harbour'd there or thereabout. Whoſoever ſecures the ſaid negroes in the work-houſe at *Charles-Town*, and gives notice thereof to Mr. *Chriſtopher Gadſden* merchant on the bay, ſhall have £. 20 reward for the fellow, and the like ſum for the wench and her children. And whoever lawfully convicts any perſon or perſons of having harbour'd, employ'd or conceal'd all, or any of the above negroes, ſhall receive the ſum of £. 100

George Gabriel Powell.

TAKEN UP by *Francis Gear*, in *St. John's, Berkley* County, a white horſe, no brand to be perceiv'd, about 13 hands and an half high. Whoever owns the ſaid horſe may have him again, paying the charges, and proving his property before *Nathaniel Broughton.*

TO BE SOLD, ſundry parcels of Land belonging to the Honourable *Edmond Atkin*, Eſq; *viz.*

A plantation near *Hobcaw*, containing 264 acres, extending a-croſs the neck, bounding northward on *Quelch's* creek, ſouthward on *Parris's*: Many particulars might be mentioned to recommend it, of which, any perſon inclined to purchaſe, may be informed by the ſubſcribers.

Part of a lot in *Charles-Town*, in *Bedon-ſtreet*, nearly oppoſite to Mrs. *Catharine Poor's*, about 25 or 26 feet front, and 110 feet deep.

Several tracts on the eaſt ſide of *Pedee-River, viz.*

1000 acres bounding north on *Thomas Groom*, ſouth on ſaid *Atkin*, weſt on *Pedee-River*, eaſt on vacant land: a noted creek called *Toby's* is in this tract.

1000 acres bounding north and ſouth on ſaid *Atkin*, weſt on *Pedee*, eaſt on vacant land.

300 acres bounding north on ſaid *Atkin's* land, weſt on *Pedee*, other ſides on vacant land.

Sundry tracts lying on the weſt ſide of ſaid river, *viz.*

300 acres bounding north on *Sarah Woodward*, eaſt on *Pedee*, other ſides on vacant land.

440 acres bounding north on————ſouth on ſaid *Atkin*, eaſt on *Pedee*, weſt on vacant land.

800 acres bounding ſouth on *Richard Purchel*, north on *Abraham Satur*, eaſt on *Pedee*, weſt on vacant land.

N B. The two tracts of 300 acres, are nearly oppoſite, and a ferry is there eſtabliſhed; a convenient water-run for a mill in the laſt mentioned 300 acres, and a noted bluff called *Mar's*. All the tracts on the eaſt ſide the river are reckoned as good land as any in *Carolina*. For price, and terms of payment, enquire of

Othniel Beale, Jacob Bond, Gabriel Manigault.

Whereas *Paul Douxſaint* intends to depart the province ſhortly he therefore deſires all perſons indebted to him, and to *Mayrant*, nd *Douxſaint*, by bond, note or book debt, to diſcharge the ſame immediately.

N. B. He will ſell the following articles for leſs than the common advance, *viz.* broad cloths, ſhalloons, alapines, everlaſtings, barragon, figured grogram, plain, corded and flower'd dimities, Brittanias, dowlas, *Norwich* crape, black and white ſattin, ſtrip'd tobine, callicoes, ſilk handkerchiefs, womens and girls ſcarlet cloaks, mens ſhoes and pumps, womens pumps, *Scotch*, nuns and colour'd threads, glaſs lanthorns, copper ſtew-pans, ſcales and weights, glaſs and tin ware, womens fringed dimity coats, mens, womens and boys gloves, ſhoe thread, green and hyſon tea, colour'd velvets, and ſundry other articles.

BROUGHT to the WORK-HOUSE,

A negro man ſpeaks bad Engliſh, *has on one of his legs a large iron clod, as well as I can underſtand he belongs to Mr.* Colvart.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *PETER TIMOTHY*, at the new Printing-Office in *Tradd-ſtreet.*